Topics 6.10

Challenges to Urban change



Objective and Essential Learning:

Enduring Understanding – Urban Areas face unique economic, political, cultural, and environmental changes.

- 6.10 Explain causes and effects of geographic change within an area
- 6.11 Describe the effectiveness of different attempts to address urban sustainability challenges.

https://youtu.be/e68CoE70Mk8



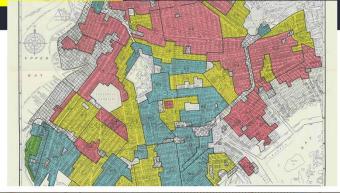
As urban populations move within a city, economic and social

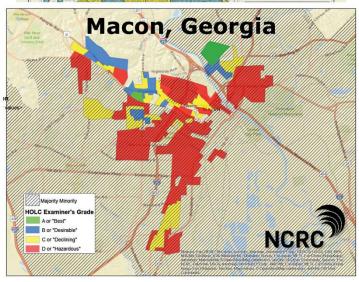
challenges result, including issues related to

Housing and Housing Discrimination

Redlining - a discriminatory practice in which services (financial and otherwise) are withheld from potential customers who reside in neighborhoods classified as 'hazardous' to investment (those within the "red lines")

Policy overwhelmingly impacts lowincome citizens and minorities, particularly African-Americans





How Housing Redlining Contributed to the Racial Wealth Gap and Segregation NowThis -YouTube

As urban populations move within a city, economic and social challenges result, including issues related to

Housing and Housing Discrimination

Blockbusting - a real estate technique to encourage people to sell their property at a very low price by giving the impression that the neighborhood was changing for the worse, especially in reference to minorities moving in and led to a significant turnover in housing which benefitted real estate agents and led to the "white flight" to the suburbs



Would you panic if a Negro moved next door?
"I'm broad-minded," said one home out the whites. And how one spec owner when Negroes moved into his ulator brags that he could "bust"

icked—and sold his house at a loss.

In this week's Post, you'll read how speculators decide which blocks are "ripe" for racial change. How they use vicious tactics to force





Read the article on Gentrification and answer the questions 1 – 4

As urban populations move within a city, economic and social challenges result, including issues related to

Urban Renewal: the redevelopment of areas within an urban area, typically neighborhoods in economic decline

Gentrification: the restoration of deteriorated urban areas by wealthier people who move into, renovate, and restore housing and sometimes businesses.





Gentrification Pro's & Cons



Negative: impact to existing groups

Displaces poorer residents

Disregards the needs and interests of vulnerable groups

Disregards the lawful rights of vulnerable groups

Disproportionately improves **quality** of life

Positive: added revenue and productivity

New employment opportunities
Improved housing
Improved infrastructure
Increase in visitors/tourisml