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- . . . .
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# Shapes of States

# **Shapes of States**

5 basic shapes
 Compact
 Prorupt
 Elongated
 Fragmented
 Perforated



3

# COMPACT STATES

- o Easier to govern
  - Distance from the center to any boundary does not vary significantly.
  - Example: Common throughout Europe
    - Poland
    - o Germany



# **PRORUPTED STATES**

- Compact state with a large, projecting extension
  - Can provide a state with access to water.
  - Examples: Congo



# **PERFORATED STATE**

- A state that surrounds another one.
  (AKA Enclave)
  - o Can blockade state within
- EXAMPLES:
  - Italy Vatican City and San Marino
  - o South Africa
    - Lesotho



# **ELGONGATED STATE**

- o Long narrow shape:
- Negative:
  - May suffer from poor internal communications
  - o Example: Chile, Vietnam



### **Fragmented State**

- Includes several discontinuous pieces (AKA Exclave)
- A portion of territory of one state completely surrounded by territory of another
- Examples: Indonesia, U.S.



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### Landlocked vs. Coastal

- Landlocked countries are at a major developmental disadvantage
  - Many in Africa due to remnants of colonialism
  - Must arrange to use another country's sea port
- Coast lines can be a major advantage -Singapore (224 sq miles) is located at a crossroads of shipping and trade

